

Royal Oak Giant Yellowknife Mine**August 1994****Atmospheric Emission Dispersion Modelling Study****Terms of Reference**

Purpose: Dispersion modelling is required to predict ambient concentrations of sulphur dioxide and arsenic trioxide in the Yellowknife area which result from emissions from the Giant Yellowknife Mine roaster. The modelling results will be used to determine what options could be taken at the mine to reduce ambient concentrations and frequency of guideline exceedences.

Background: The ambient concentration of sulphur dioxide in Yellowknife is believed to exceed the one hour guideline of 450 ug/m³ less than 1% of the time. The primary source of sulphur dioxide in the Yellowknife area is the roaster stack at the Giant Mine. Other sources of SO₂ include home furnaces and vehicles.

The Giant Mine roaster exhaust gas is cooled and scrubbed to remove arsenic by Cottrell precipitators and a baghouse, prior to being released. The exhaust stack is 45.70 m tall x 2.70 m diameter. Exhaust gas temperature is on the order of 90 °C.

Great Slave Lake is located to the immediate south of the mine. This body of water is known to influence dispersion.

Options: i) Increased Dispersion: Consideration should be given to increasing the exhaust gas temperature, velocity or stack height. Velocity can be increased by reducing the stack diameter or increasing exhaust gas volume. Gas volume can be increased by adding outside air to the exhaust stream, or increasing gas temperature.

ii) Contaminant Removal: Approximately 30 tons/day SO₂ is exhausted from the Giant Mine. Collection of this material would yield up to 15 tons/day sulphur in sulphuric acid. There would be a limited market for this material in the Yellowknife area. High capital cost is also associated with this option. Further consideration of this option will not be made at this time.

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Schedule of : Sensitivity Analysis - Dispersion Modelling

- Work
- i) Increase stack height by 10, 25, 50, 75, 100%
 - ii) Increase gas velocity by 10, 25, 50, 75, 100 %
 - iii) Increase gas temperature by 10, 25, 50 C°
 - iv) Increase stack height by 10%, gas velocity by 10, 25, 50, 75, 100%
 - vi) Increase stack height by 25%, gas velocity by 10, 25, 50, 75, 100%
 - vii) Increase stack height by 10%, gas temperature by 10, 25, 50 C°
 - viii) Increase stack height by 25%, gas temperature by 10, 25, 50 C°

Cost Estimation

Review results of the sensitivity analysis above, with the client. Develop ~~to~~ preliminary cost estimates (+/- 50%) for the alternatives which appear ~~produce~~ the most cost effective results. Develop feasibility cost estimates (+/-30%) for the three alternatives which appear to be the most likely to receive further consideration.

Required Inputs:

Meteorological input files based on AES data collected at Yellowknife airport, which is 2 km from the Giant minesite.

Topographic input files for a 10 km x 10 km grid of the Yellowknife area.

Calculations from an *approved* dispersion model.